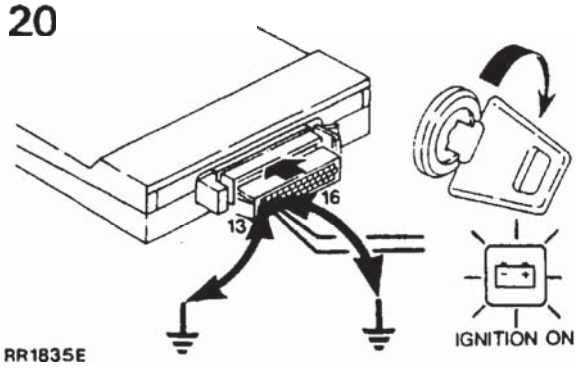
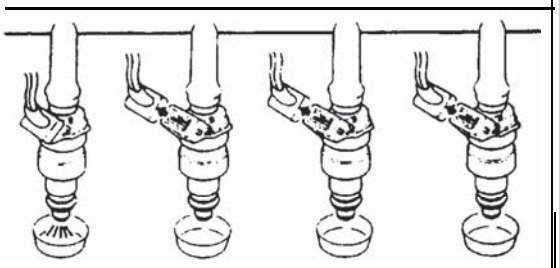
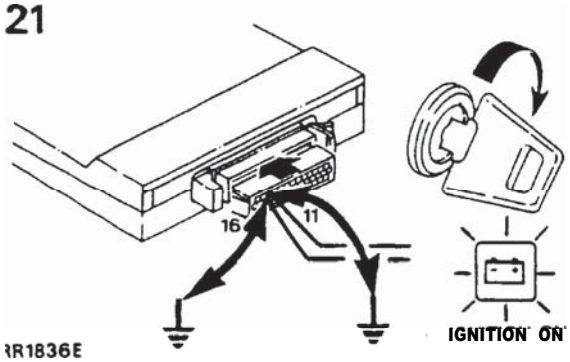
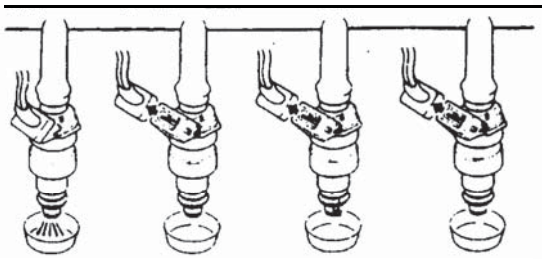
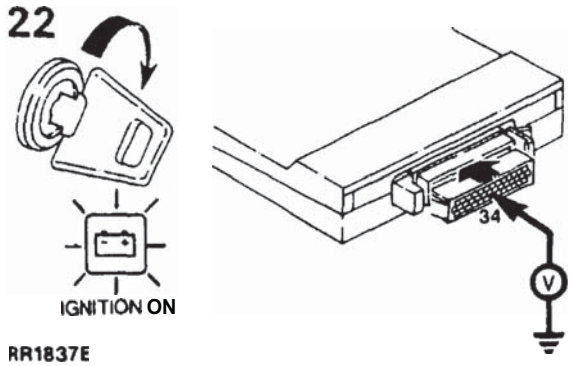
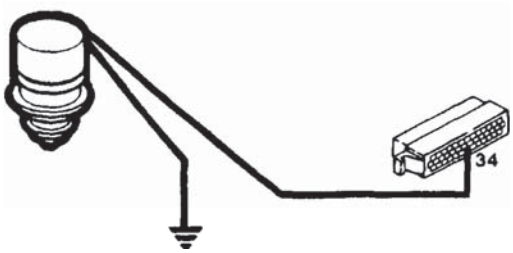
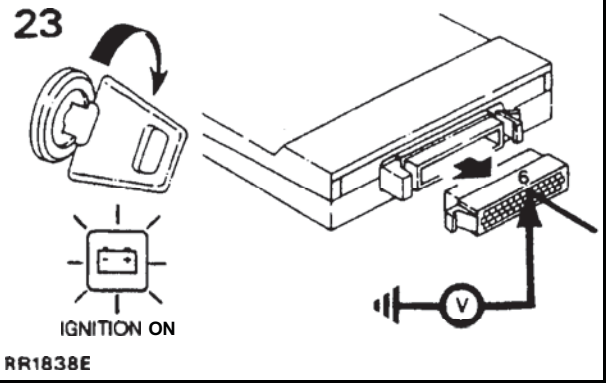
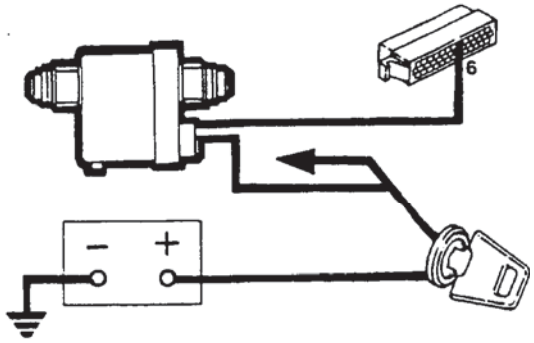
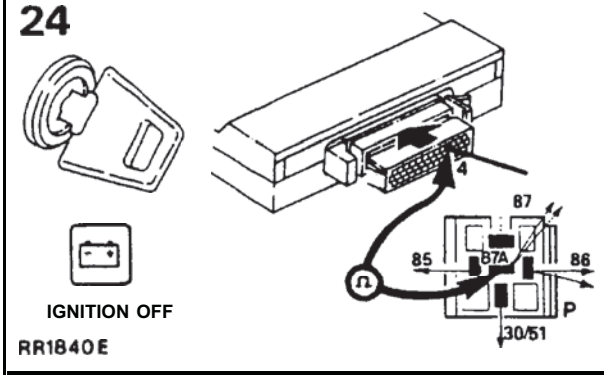
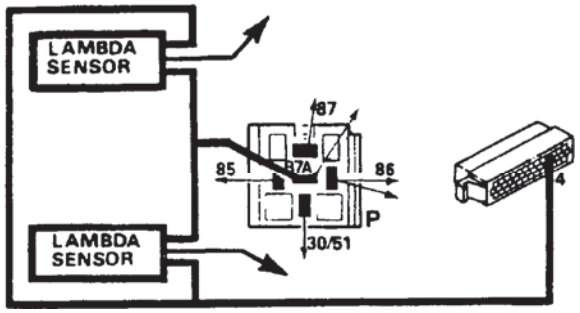
TEST PROCEDURE	RESULTS - Check cables and units shown in bold
20. **Check for injector operation** **Left bank injectors 1,3,5,7**	**WARNING: Ensure that all necessary precautions are taken to prevent fire and explosion.** Repeat test for other injectors Replace any injector which does not operate. **NOTE: Fuel flow is 167cc minimum per minute per injector**
20  RR1835E	

TEST PROCEDURE	RESULTS - Check cables and units shown in bold
21. **Right bank injectors 2,4,6,8**	**WARNING: Ensure that all necessary precautions are taken to prevent fire and explosion** Repeat test for other injectors Replace any injector which does not operate **NOTE: Fuel flow is 167cc minimum per minute per injector**
21  RR1836E	

Continued

'ESTPROCEDURE	RESULTS - Check cables and units shown in bold
!2. Check gear switch input	Voltmeter reading of zero volts- Neutral and park
	Voltmeter reading of 4.5-5.0 Volts -R.D.3.2.1- Proceed to Test 23
	Incorrect reading Check:
 RR1837E	

'EST PROCEDURE	RESULTS - Check cables and units shown in bold
3. Check road speed input NOTE: Raise and rotate the left hand rear road wheel slowly	Voltmeter reading of 0 to 12V fluctuating 6 times per revolution - Proceed to Test 24 Incorrect reading Check:
	

TEST PROCEDURE	RESULTS . Check cables and units shown in bold
24. Check Lambda sensor heater coils NOTE: Remove pump relay from its connector	Ohm-meter reading of 2.65-3.35 Ohms Incorrect reading Check: NOTE: A reading of 5.3 lo 6.7 Ohms indicates a faulty Lambda sensor
	

After completing the tests with either the 'Diagnostic' equipment or multi-meter, re-test the vehicle to ensure the faults have been rectified. If faults still persist, recheck using the Lucas diagnostic equipment.

ENGINE TUNING PROCEDURE

Before carrying out 'Engine Tuning' on fuel injection vehicles, it is important that all other engine related setting procedures are undertaken first; air flow sensor to air cleaner correctly fitted, ignition and throttle potentiometer correcty set; all hoses correctly fitted and secured.

These checks should be carried out with the engine coolant temperature beween 80" to 95°C (176" to 203°F).

CHECK AND ADJUST IGNITION TIMING

1. Check that ignition timing is at 6" ± 1" BTDC.
2. Timing to be checked when engine speed is less than 800 rev/min using a stroboscopic lamp.
3. If adjustment is necessary, loosen the distributor clamp nut and rotate clockwise to retard or 'counter -clockwise to advance. When the required setting has been attained, tighten the clamp nut and recheck the setting.

   NOTE: Timing to be checked with vacuum hose connected.

IDLE SPEED is preset at the factory and should not normally require adjustment.

CAUTION:

A. If engine fails to start within a maximum time of 12 seconds the cause must be rectified. Following rectification the engine must be run at 1500 rpm (no load) for 3 minutes to clear any accumulation of fuel in the catalysts.

B. If the engine is misfiring, it should be immediately shut down and the cause rectified.

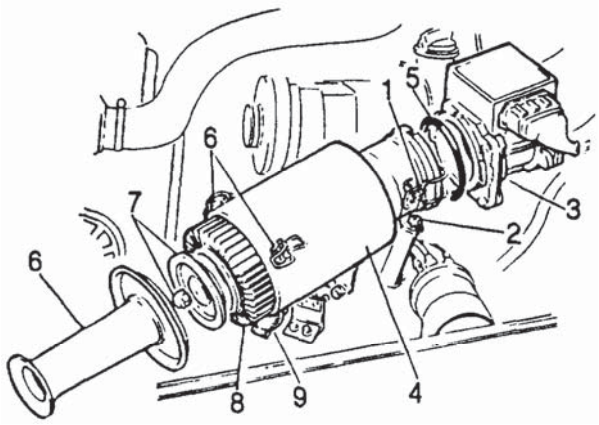
Failure to comply with A or B will result in irreparable damage to the catalysts.

AIR CLEANER

Remove and Refit

Removing

1. Release the two clamps securing the air cleaner to the airflow sensor.
2. Release the two nuts and bolts securing the air cleaner to the left hand valance mounting bracket.
3. Detach the airflow sensor from the air cleaner, and lay carefully to one side.
4. Detach the air cleaner from the centre mounting bracket and withdraw from the engine compartment.
5. Remove the large 'O' ring from the outlet tube of the air cleaner, inspect for condition, fit a new 'O' ring if in poor condition.
6. Unclip the three catches securing the inlet tube to the air cleaner canister and remove the inlet tube.
7. Remove the nut and end plate securing the air cleaner element in position.
8. Withdraw the air cleaner element and discard.
9. Inspect the dump valve for condition and that it is clear of obstructions.



RR1854E

Refitting

10. Fit a new element and secure in position.
11. Refit the inlet tube to the air cleaner canister.
12. Refit the air cleaner to the mounting bracket and tighten the two nuts and bolts.
13. Clip the air flow sensor to the air cleaner.

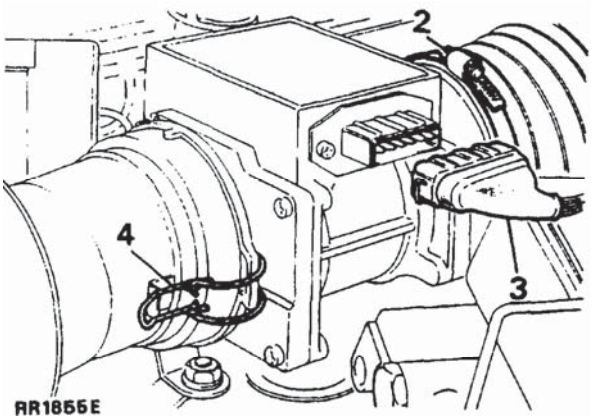
AIR FLOW SENSOR

Remove and refit

Removing

NOTE: The air flow sensor is not a serviceable item. In the event of failure or damage the complete unit is to be replaced.

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Release the large hose clamp at the rear of the air flow meter and disconnect the hose from the sensor.
3. Disconnect the multi-plug.
4. Release the two clips securing the air flow sensor to the air cleaner case detach the sensor from the case and withdraw it from the engine compartment.



RR1855E

Refitting

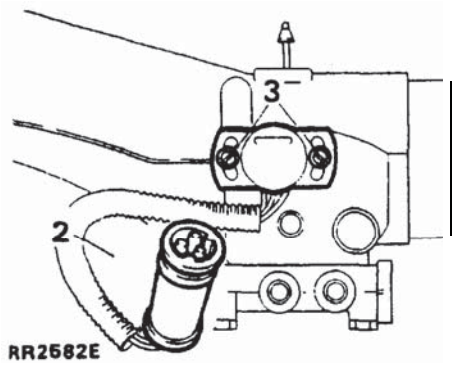
5. Reverse the removal procedure ensuring that the multi-plug is firmly reconnected to the air flow sensor and that the hose clamp at the rear of the sensor is securely tightened, to prevent un-metered air entering the engine.

THROTTLE POTENTIOMETER

Remove, refit and reset

Remove

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Disconnect the electrical three-pin plug.
3. Remove the two screws securing the switch to the plenum chamber and carefully pull the switch off the throttle valve shaft.



4. Remove the old gasket.

Refit

5. Fit a new gasket between the throttle switch and plenum chamber.
6. Align the switch and shaft fiats; slide the switch *on* to the throttle shaft and secure the switch to the plenum chamber.
7. The throttle potentiometer must be reset using the following procedure.

CAUTION: The throttle mechanism must not be operated while the potentiometer is loosely fitted, otherwise damage may be caused to the potentiometer wiper track.

Setting the Potentiometer using a multi meter.

ENSURE THE MULTI METER USED TO CARRY OUT THIS CHECK IS SET TO VOLTS. A MULTI METER SETTING OTHER THAN VOLTS WILL RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE POTENTIOMETER.

8. Loosen the potentiometer securing screws.
9. Reconnect the potentiometer three-pin plug and reconnect the battery. Switch on the ignition.
10. Connect the multi meter between the red and green leads at the potentiometer electrical plug.
11. Rotate the potentiometer clockwise or counter-clockwise, until the multi meter reads 325 ± 35 mV.
12. Tighten the potentiometer securing screws.
13. Re-check the multi-meter reading. Check also for a 'smooth swing' of the meter needle between minimum and maximum throttle opening between the voltage reading of 4.6 - 5.0 volts

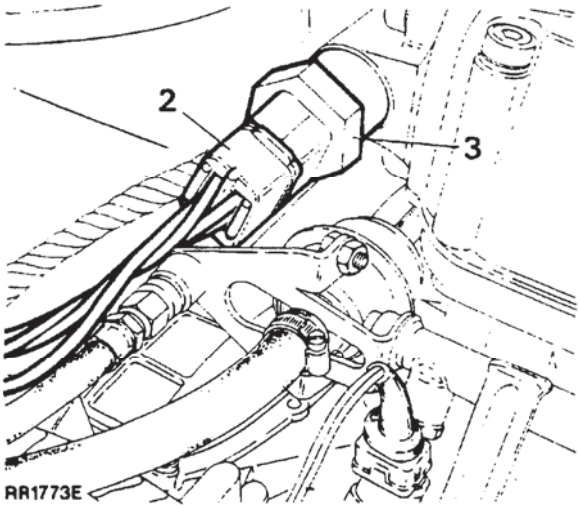
NOTE: After setting the potentiometer, lock and tamperproof each screw head by coating them with yellow paint.

BY-PASS AIR VALVE (STEPPER MOTOR)

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Remove the multi-plug from the unit.
3. Unscrew the valve from its location at the rear of the plenum chamber.
4. Remove the captive washer.



Refitting

5. Fit a NEW sealing washer.

NOTE: If the same by-pass valve is being refitted clean any previous sealing compounds from the threads. Apply Loctite 241 to threads of the valve before reassembly.

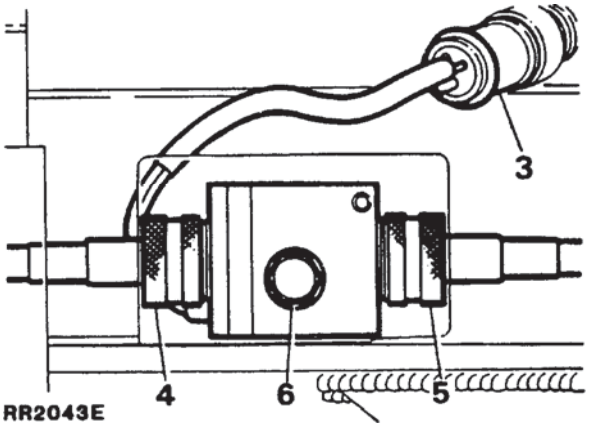
6. Tighten the valve to the specified torque (see Torque values-section 06).
7. Reverse the remaining removal instructions.

SPEED TRANSDUCER

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Place the vehicle on a hydraulic hoist and apply the parking brake.
2. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
3. Raise the hoist and disconnect the speed transducer electrical plug.
4. Disconnect the speedometer cable from the transducer to the binnacle at the transducer.
5. Disconnect the speedometer cable from the transducer to the speedometer housing at the transducer.
6. Remove the single bolt securing t h transducer to its mounting bracket and withdraw the unit from the vehicle.



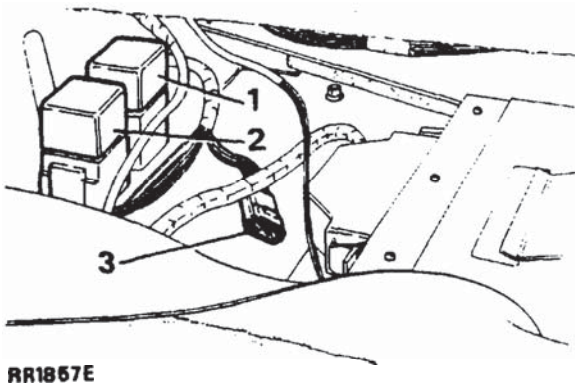
Refitting

7. Reverse the removal instructions.

ELECTRONIC FUEL INJECTION RELAYS

incorporated into the fuel injection electrical circuits are two relays. The relays are located beneath the front right-hand seat, adjacent to the E.C.U.

1. Fuel pump relay (mounted on a blue terminal block).
2. Main relay (mounted on a black terminal block).
3. Diagnostic plug.



RR1857E

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Pull the relay(s) from the multi-plug(s).

Refitting

3. Reverse the removal procedure.

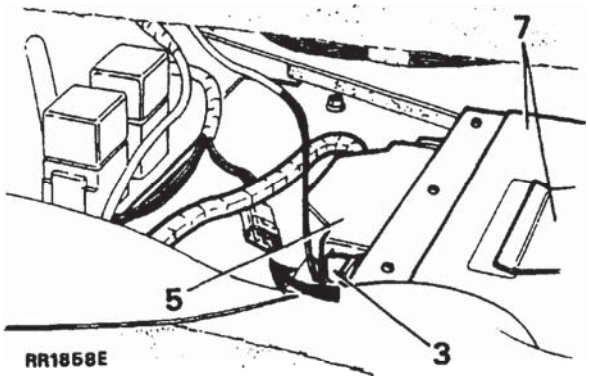
ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT-ECU

NOTE: The ECU is not itself a serviceable item, in the event of a unit failure, the ECU must be replaced.

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. The ECU is located under the front right hand seat and is accessible through the rear opening of the seat base when the seat is in its most forward position.
3. Release the E.C.U plug retaining clip.
4. Pull the rear of the multi-plug out of the ECU.
5. Maneuver the tront of the plug fin the direction of the bold arrow) to release the hooked rear end of the plug from the retaining peg.
6. Release the screws securing the ECU to the mounting bracket.
7. Withdraw the ECU from the spring clip and remove it from the vehicle.



RR1858E

Refitting

8. Refit the E.C.U. securely in the spring clip and tighten the two screws.
9. Re-connect the E.C.U. harness plug, ensure the plug is firmly pushed into its location and that the retaining clip secures the plug in position.

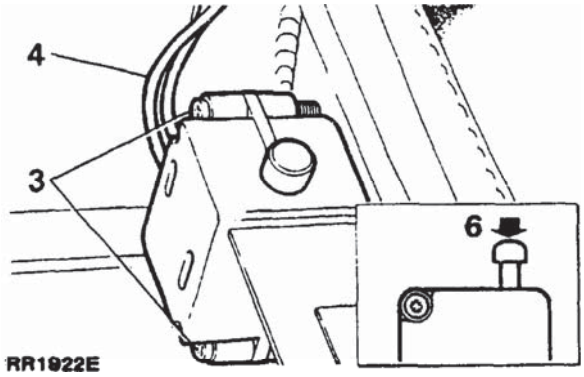
INERTIA SWITCH

The inertia switch is located under the left hand front seat attached to the inner face of the rear front seat base. Access to the switch is gained through the opening at the rear of the seat base.

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Ensure the seat is in its fully forward position.
2. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
3. Remove the two screws securing the switch to the cross member.
4. Withdraw the switch and disconnect the electrical multi-plug.
5. Remove the switch from the vehicle.



Refitting

6. Reverse the removal procedure ensuring that the multi-plug clips firmly into position, and that the plunger is reset (plunger is in its lowest position).

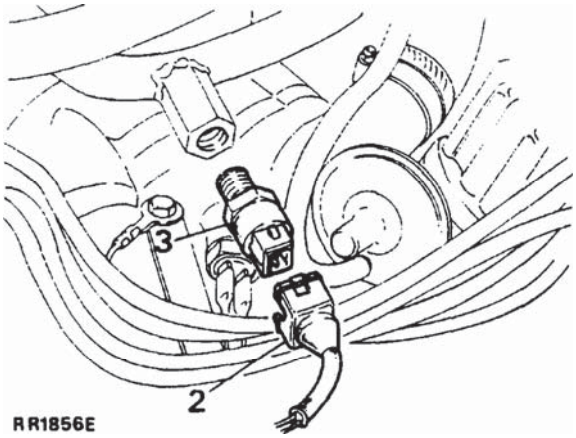
FUEL TEMPERATURE THERMISTOR (SENSOR)

Remove and refit

Removing

NOTE: No fuel leakage will occur when the thermistor is removed from the fuel rail therefore it is not necessary to depressurize the fuel system before removal.

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Remove the electrical multi - plug from the thermistor.
3. Release the thermistor from the fuel feed rail.



Refitting

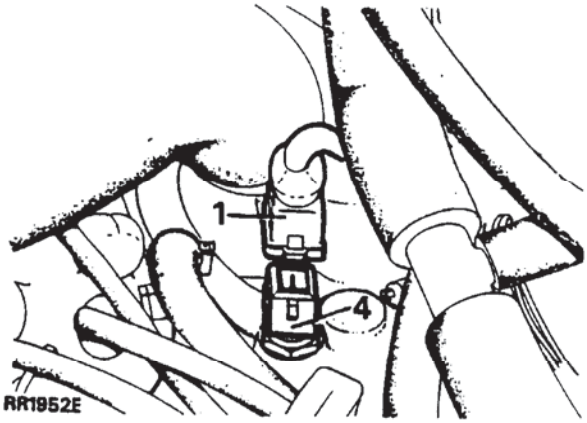
4. Reverse the removal procedure, ensuring that the thermistor is tightened securely in the fuel rail.

COOLANT TEMPERATURE THERMISTOR (SENSOR)

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Remove the multi-plug from the thermistor.
2. Release the radiator bottom hose and partially drain the cooling system.
3. Refit the hose and tighten the clamp securely.
4. Remove the thermistor from the left hand front branch of the intake manifold.
5. Remove the copper washer.



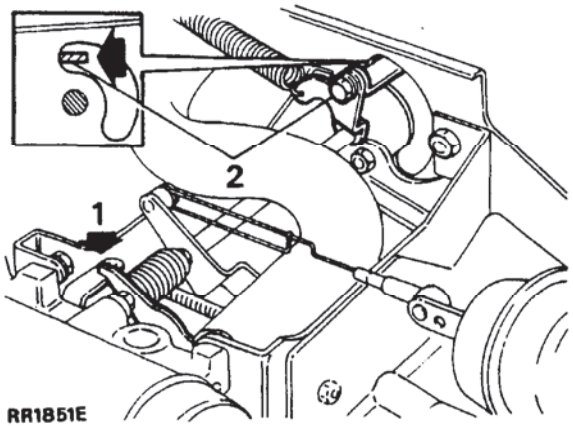
Refitting

6. Fit a NEW copper washer to the thermistor.
7. Fit the thermistor to the intake manifold and tighten securely.
8. Refill the cooling system.
9. Run the engine, check for water leaks around the coolant temperature thermistor.

RESETTING THROTTLE LEVERS

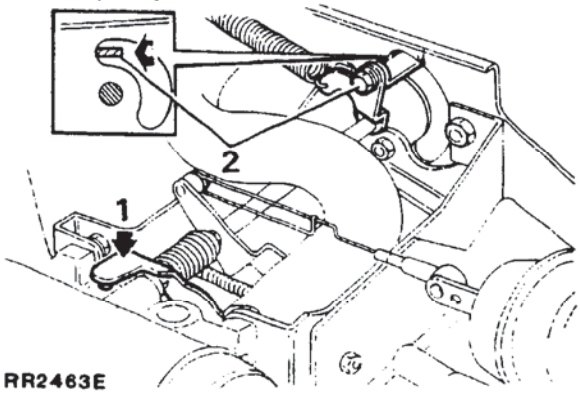
NOTE: The setting procedure outlined is applicable at minimum throttle condition only.

1. Ensure that the throttle valve is retained at its 90" vertical setting by holding down the stop lever and throttle/kick down lever denoted by the bold arrow while adjusting the throttle operating levers.
2. Release the throttle operating lever securing screw and adjust the lever until contact is made with the top end of the slot in the throttle lever mounting bracket; retaining the lever in this position retighten the screw.
3. Lightly grease all throttle lever bearing surfaces and torsion spring with Admax 13 grease or a suitable equivalent.



NOTE: Check the clearance between the cruise control actuator link and throttle lever (see Cruise Control Actuator Setting-Section 19, Page 47).

LATER MODELS:- have a redesigned stop lever that seats on a factory-set adjustment screw which is located in the plenum chamber casting. The screw should not normally require adjustment. If new throttle bracketry and linkages are fitted it is advisable to check that the throttle valve is vertical before adjusting the screw.

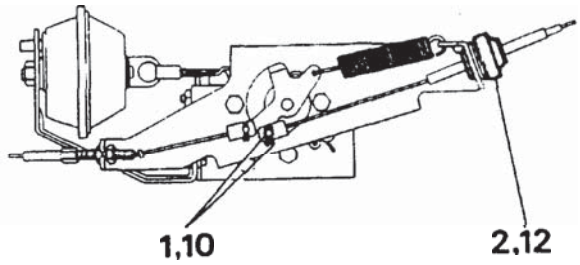


THROTTLE CABLE

Remove and refit

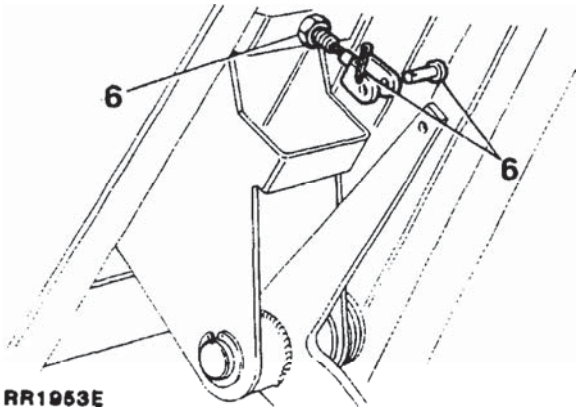
Removing

1. Remove the cotter pin and clevis pin securing the cable to the lever.
2. Carefully pry the throttle cable adjustment nut out of the linkage mounting bracket.
3. Withdraw the cable from the mounting bracket.



RR1964E

4. Release the outer cable from the retaining clips within the engine compartment.
5. Remove the lower dash pane! from beneath the steering column.
6. Disconnect the cable from the throttle pedal and release the cable locknut.
7. Feed the cable through the bulkhead grommet and into the engine compartment.



RR1963E

FIT NEW THROTTLE CABLE

8. Feed the new cable from the engine compartment through the bulkhead grommet.
9. Connect the cable to the throttle pedal.
10. Connect the cable to the throttle linkage, fit a new cotter pin and secure in position.
11. Clip the outer cable adjustment nut into the mounting bracket.
12. Adjust the outer cable to give 1.57 mm (0.062 in) free play in the throttle cable and check the throttle operation.

THROTTLE PEDAL

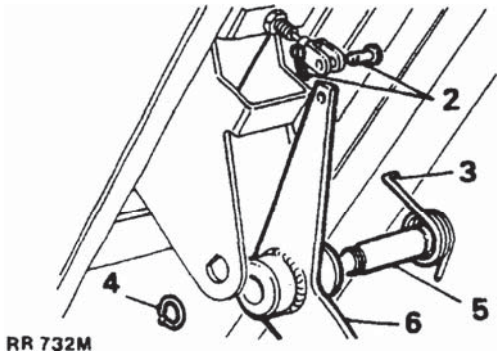
Remove and refit

Remove

1. Release the six screws securing the lower dash panel, lower the panel and disconnect the two electrical leads to the rheostat switch, detach the bulb check unit from the spring clip and remove the dash panel from the vehicle.
2. Remove the cotter pin and clevis pin securing the throttle cable to the throttle pedal.
3. Release the tension from the pedal return spring.
4. Remove the circlip from the pedal pivot pin.
5. Withdraw the pivot pin.

NOTE: It may be necessary to remove the steering column fixings enabling the column to be lowered to gain access to the pedal pivot pin circlip.

6. Withdraw the throttle pedal.



RR 732M

Refitting

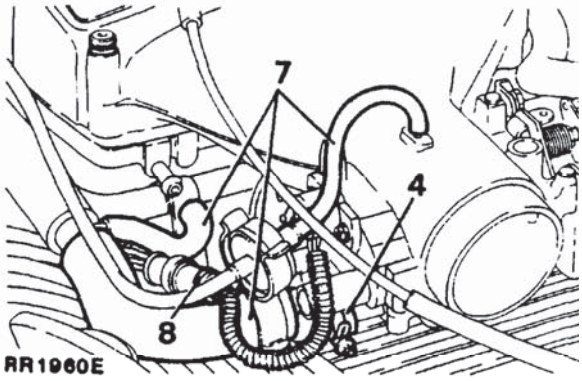
7. Lightly grease the pivot pin and clevis pin before re-assembly.
8. Fit a NEW cotter pin to the clevis pin.
9. Reverse the remaining removal instructions.

PLENUM CHAMBER

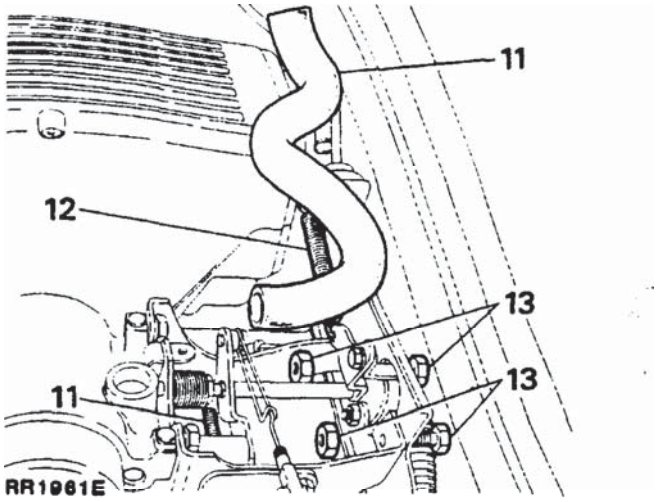
Remove and refit

Removing

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Release the radiator bottom hose and partially drain the cooling system, reconnect the hose to the radiator.
3. Release the two large hose clamps from the neck of the plenum chamber and outlet bore of the airflow sensor and remove the hose from its location.
4. Release the clamps and remove the two coolant hoses from the bottom of the plenum chamber inlet neck. Identify each hose to aid re-assembly.
5. Remove the vacuum supply hose from the cruise control actuator.
6. Disconnect the actuating link at the cruise control actuator.
7. Remove the distributor vacuum hose, positive crankcase ventilation breather filter hose and servo hose.
8. Disconnect the throttle potentiometer multi-plug.

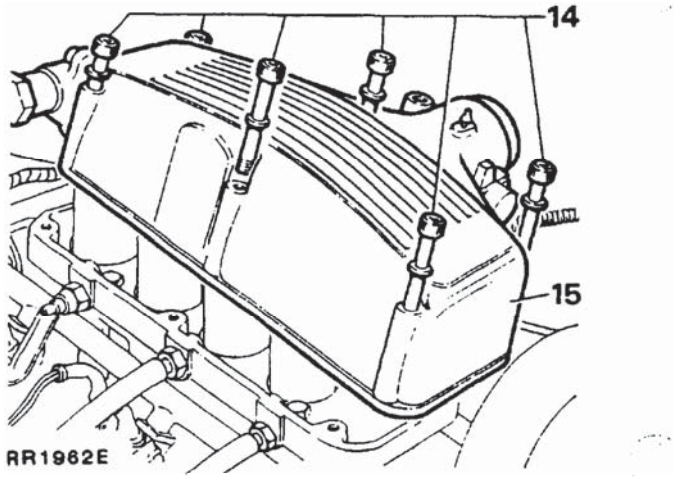


9. Disconnect the multi-plug from the air by-pass valve.
10. Disconnect the small vacuum hose at the rear of the plenum chamber, located below the air by-pass valve.
11. Remove the hose from the air by-pass valve to plenum chamber to enable the small return spring located below the throttle levers to be unhooked.
12. Release the two throttle return springs.
13. Remove the two bolts (with spring washers) securing the throttle cable and kick-down cable anchor bracket to the throttle lever support bracket, lay the assembly to one side.



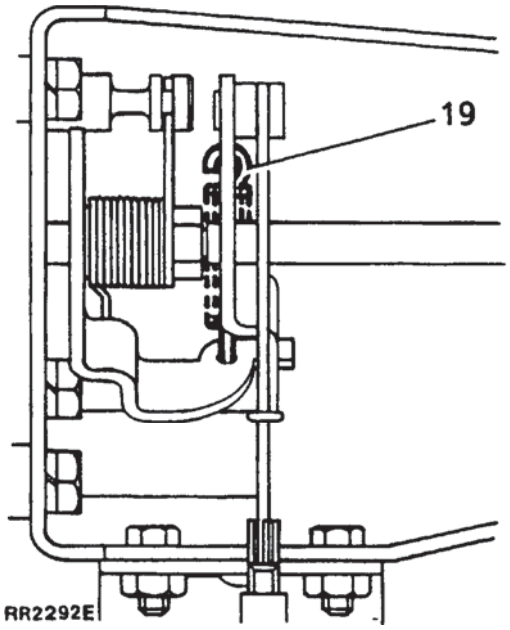
14. Remove the six socket head bolts (with plain washers) securing the plenum chamber to the ram housing.
15. Maneuver the plenum chamber and remove it from the ram housing.

NOTE: To prevent ingress of dirt into the ram tubes, place a protective cover over the ram tube openings.



Refitting

16. Ensure that all mating faces are free from any previous sealing compounds.
17. Coat the mating faces of the plenum chamber and ram housing with 'Hylomar' sealant.
18. Refit the plenum chamber and tighten the six bolts to the specified torque (see torque values-section 06).
19. When refitting the small return spring, item 11 in the removal procedure, it must be noted that the 'hooked' open end of the spring **MUST** face the plenum chamber as shown in illustration RR2292E below.



20. Reverse the remaining removal instructions.

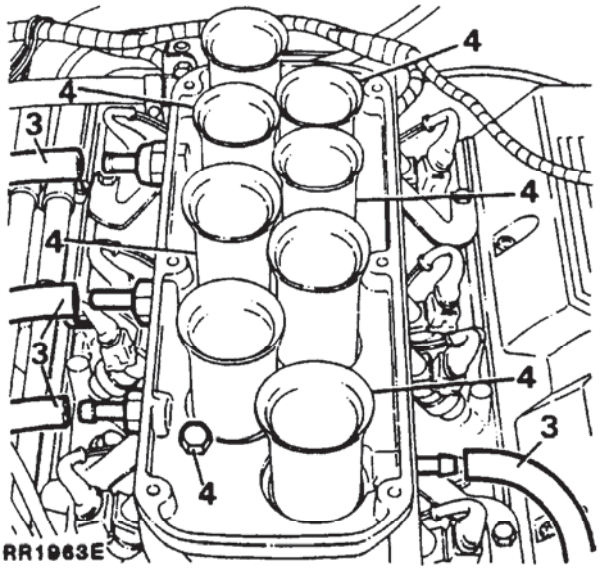
NOTE: Ensure that all hoses are connected securely to prevent un-metered air entering the engine.

RAM HOUSING

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
2. Remove the plenum chamber (see Plenum Chamber remove and refit).
3. Release the hoses from around the outer edges of the ram housing.
4. Remove the six through bolts (with plain washers) securing the ram housing to the intake manifold.



5. Lift the ram housing off the intake manifold and remove it from the engine compartment.
6. Place a protective cover over the top of the intake manifold inlet bores to prevent ingress of dirt.

Refitting

7. Ensure that all mating faces are clean and free from dirt and any previous sealing compounds.
8. Apply 'Hylomar' sealant to the intake manifold face before refitting the ram housing.
9. Fit the ram housing and retighten the bolts, working from the two centre bolts, diagonally towards the outer four bolts.
10. Tighten to the correct torque (See section 06-Torque values).

DEPRESSURIZING THE FUEL SYSTEM

WARNING: Under normal operating conditions the fuel injection system is pressurized by a high pressure fuel pump, operating at up to 2.3 to 2.5 bar (34 to 37 p.s.i.). When the engine is stationary this pressure is maintained within the system. To prevent pressurized fuel escaping and to avoid personal injury it is necessary to depressurize the fuel injection system before any service operations are carried out.

NOTE: If the vehicle has not been run there will still be a small amount of residual pressure in the fuel line. The depressurizing procedure must still be carried out before disconnecting the component within the fuel system.

WARNING: The spilling of fuel is unavoidable during this operation. Ensure that all necessary precautions are taken to prevent fire and explosion.

1. The fuel pump relay is located under the front right hand seat.
2. Pull the fuel pump relay off its multi-plug (see Electronic Fuel Injection Relays-Section 19, Page 28).
3. Start and run the engine.
4. When sufficient fuel has been used up causing the fuel line pressure to drop, the injectors will become inoperative, resulting in engine stall. Switch the ignition off.
5. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.

   NOTE: Fuel at low pressure will remain in the system. To remove this low pressure fuel, place an absorbent cloth around the fuel feed hose at the fuel rail and release the fuel feed hose at the appropriate end.

6. Disconnect either:
   a) The nut and ferrule at the fuel rail
   OR
   b) The hose at the inlet end of the fuel filter.

Refitting

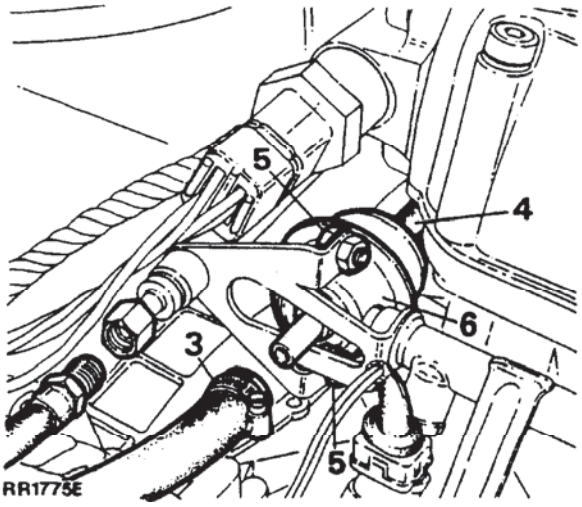
7. Refit the fuel feed hose.
8. Refit the fuel pump relay, reconnect the battery.
9. Crank the engine (engine will fire within approximately 6 to 8 seconds).

FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR

Remove and refit

Removing

1. Depressurize the fuel system.
2. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
3. Release the hose clamp securing the fuel return hose to the regulator and remove the hose.
4. Pull the vacuum hose from the rear of the regulator.
5. Remove the two nuts and bolts securing the regulator to the fuel rail, carefully ease the regulator fuel inlet pipe out of the fuel rail.
6. Withdraw the regulator from the engine compartment.



NOTE: If the original regulator is being refitted, fit a NEW 'O' ring to the fuel inlet pipe.

Refitting

7. Lightly coat the 'O' ring with silicon grease 300 before fitting the regulator to the fuel rail.
8. Reverse the removal procedure.
9. Reconnect the batter), and pressurize the fuel system and check that there are no fuel leaks around the regulator connections.

FUEL RAIL-INJECTORS R/H AND L/H

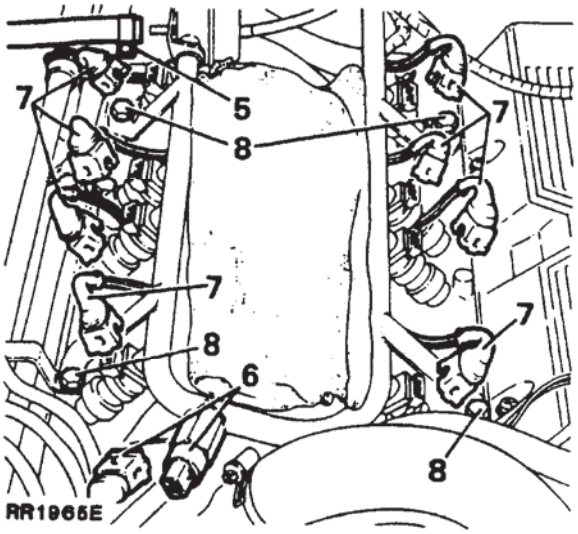
Remove and refit

Removing

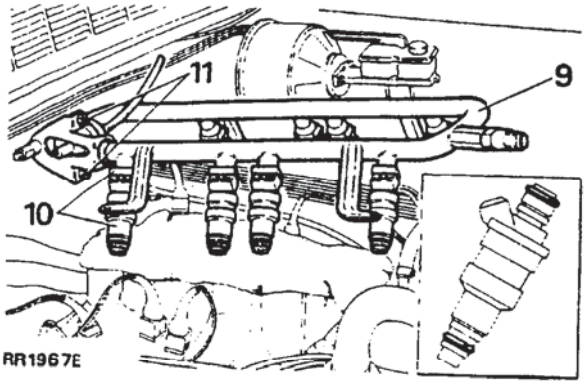
1. Depressurize the fuel system.
2. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
3. Remove the plenum chamber. (See Plenum Chamber, remove and refit).
4. Remove the ram housing. (See Ram Housing remove and refit).

NOTE: Place a cloth over the ram tube openings to prevent ingress of dirt into the engine.

5. Release the hose clamp and remove the fuel return hose from the pressure regulator.
6. Disconnect the multi-plug from the fuel temperature thermistor (sensor).
7. Disconnect the multi-plugs from the eight injectors.
8. Remove the five bolts securing the fuel rail support and heater pipe brackets to the intake manifold. Lay the heater pipes to one side.



9. Remove the fuel rail, complete with injectors, from the intake manifold.
10. Remove the retaining clips securing the injectors to the fuel rail, ease the injectors from the rail.
11. If necessary, remove the two nuts and bolts securing the regulator to the fuel rail, and carefully pull the regulator away from the rail.



Refitting

12. Fit **NEW** 'O' rings, protective cap and supporting disc to the injectors, lightly coat the 'O' rings with silicon grease 300 and insert the injectors into the fuel rail, multi-plug connections facing outwards.
13. Refit the retaining clips.

CAUTION: Care must be taken when refitting the fuel rail and injectors to the intake manifold to prevent damage occurring to the '0' rings.

14. Fit a **NEW** 'O' ring to the pressure regulator lightly coat the 'O' ring with silicon grease 300 and secure the regulator to the fuel rail.
15. Fit the fuel rail and heater pipe assemblies to the intake manifold, secure the rail and pipes in position with the five bolts.
16. Reverse the remaining removal instructions.
17. Pressurize the fuel system and check for fuel leaks around the injectors and pressure regulator.

INTAKE MANIFOLD

Remove and refit

Removing

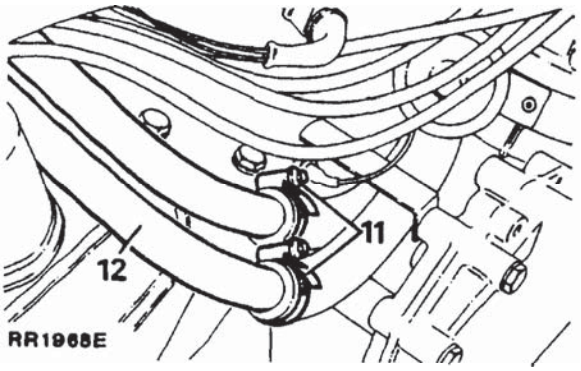
1. Depressurize the fuel system.
2. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
3. Release the hose clamp and remove the radiator bottom hose to enable the cooling system to be partially drained, so that coolant level is below the thermostat housing, refit the hose and secure in position with the hose clamp.
4. Remove the plenum chamber (see Plenum Chamber, remove and refit).
5. Remove the ram housing (see ram housing remove and refit).

CAUTION: Place a protective cover over the intake manifold openings to prevent ingress of dirt.

6. Disconnect the electrical multi-plugs to the fuel temperature thermistor (sensor), coolant temperature thermistor (sensor) and injectors.
7. Remove the two nuts and bolts securing the pressure regulator to the fuel rail, ease the regulator out of the rail, seal the end of the fuel rail with suitable plastic plugs to prevent ingress of dirt.

NOTE: The intake manifold can be removed from the cylinder block without removing the fuel rail and injectors.

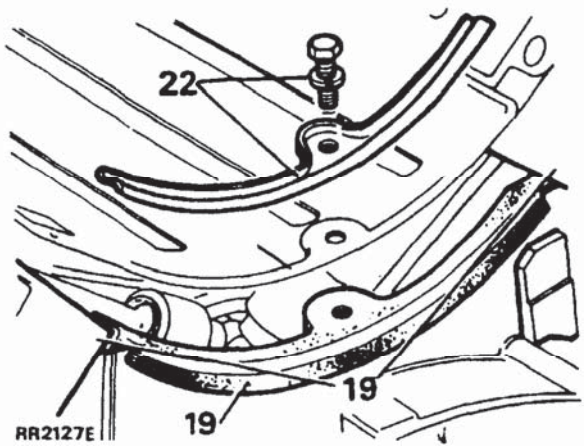
8. Disconnect the electrical leads from the air-conditioning engine coolant sensor located on the thermostat elbow.
9. Disconnect the electrical leads to the coolant temperature transmitter (sensor) located at the front of the intake manifold.
10. Remove the injector harnesses from behind the fuel rail and lay to one side.
11. Release the hose clamps securing the two heater hoses to the rigid heater pipes at the front of the right hand rocker cover.
12. Remove the two bolts securing the rigid heater pipes to the intake manifold and ease the pipes out of the hoses.



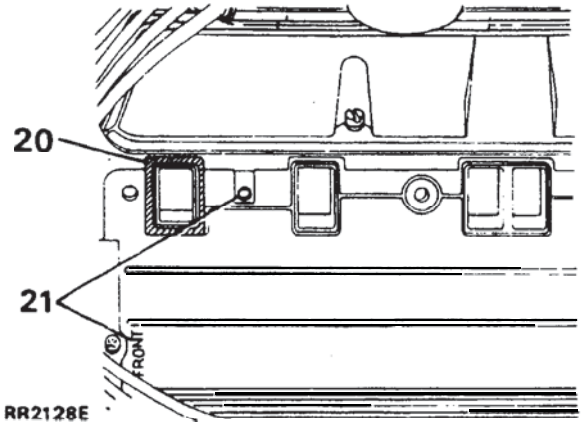
13. Lay the heater pipe assembly to one side.
14. Release the twelve bolts securing the intake manifold to the cylinder heads.
15. Lift the manifold off the cylinder heads and remove from the engine compartment.
16. Remove the two gasket clamps from the top of the cylinder block.
17. Lift off the gasket and remove the gasket seals.
18. Remove previous sealing compound from around the water passage openings of the cylinder heads.

Refitting

19. Locate the NEW seals in position with their ends engaged in the notches formed between the cylinder heads and block.



20. Lightly apply 'Hylomar' sealant around the outside of the water passage openings on the cylinder heads, manifold gasket and intake manifold.



21. Fit the manifold gasket with the word 'FRONT' to the front and the open bolt hole to the front right hand side.
22. Fit the gasket clamps but DO NOT fully tighten the bolts at this stage.
23. Locate the intake manifold onto the cylinder heads, clean the threads of the manifold securing bolts.
24. Fit all manifold bolts and tighten them a little at a time, evenly, alternate sides working from the centre outwards.
25. Tighten to correct torque (see section 06 Torque values).
26. Tighten the gasket clamps to the correct torque (see section 06 Torque values).
27. Reverse remaining removal instructions.
28. Replenish the cooling system.
29. Start the engine, check for water and fuel leaks.

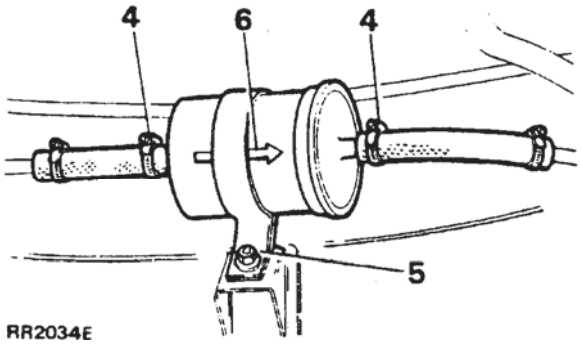
FUEL FILTER

Remove and refit

Refitting

WARNING: The spilling of fuel is unavoidable during this operation. Ensure that all necessary precautions are taken to prevent fire and explosion.

1. Depressurize the fuel system.
2. The fuel filter is located on the right hand chassis side member forward of the fuel tank filler neck. Access to the filter is gained through the right hand rear wheel arch.
3. Thoroughly clean the immediate area around the hose connections to prevent ingress of foreign matter into the fuel system.
4. Loosen the two hose clamps nearest the filter to enable the hoses to be removed from the filter canister. Plug the end of the hoses to prevent ingress of dirt.
5. Release the securing bolt and bracket and remove the filter from the chassis side member.



Refitting

6. Fit a new filter observing the direction of flow arrows stamped on the canister.
7. Start the engine and inspect for fuel leaks around the hose connections.

FUEL TANK

Remove and refit

Removing

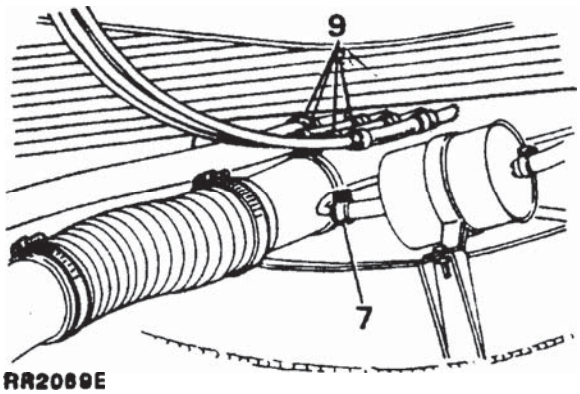
WARNING: Ensure that the Fuel Handling Precautions given in Section 01 - Introduction regarding fuel handling are strictly adhered to when carrying out the following instructions.

CAUTION: Before disconnecting any part of the fuel system it is imperative that all dust, dirt and debris is removed from around the components to prevent ingress of foreign matter into the fuel system.

1. Drive the vehicle onto a suitable hoist.
2. Depressurize the fuel system. (see depressurizing procedure-page 34)
3. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
4. Disconnect the electrical leads to the fuel tank sender unit. Disconnect the fuel pump electrical multiplug, access to which is gained through the left hand rear wheel arch, the plug is located between the underside of the body and chassis side member.
5. Raise the hoist.
6. Remove the drain plug from the bottom of the fuel tank and drain the fuel into a suitable container that can be sealed afterwards.
   ENSURE THAT THE TANK IS DRAINED COMPLETELY.
   Refit the drain plug (refer to Warning concerning fuel handling at start of this procedure.

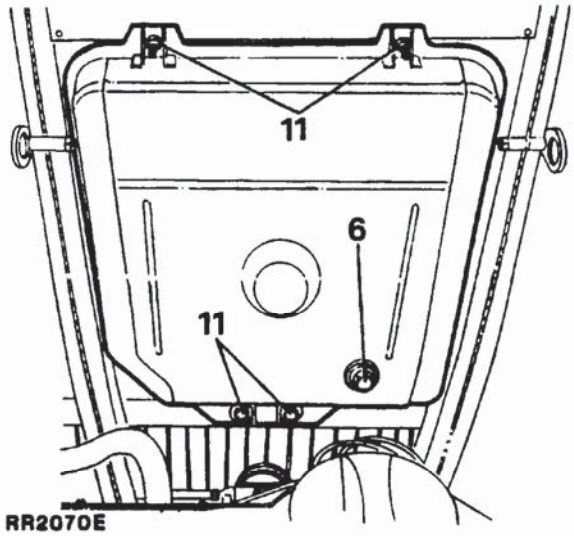
From underneath the vehicle

7. Disconnect the fuel hose from the inlet side of the fuel filter.
8. Disconnect the fuel return pipe to the fuel tank.
9. Remove the breather hose and three evaporative loss hoses from the fuel tank, seal all hose and pipe openings to prevent ingress of foreign matter.



RR2088E

10. Release the two large hose clamps, securing the inter-connecting hose to tank and filler tube, maneuver the hose up the outside of the filler tube to enable it to be withdrawn from the tank filler neck.
11. With assistance from a second person supporting the fuel tank, remove the four tank fixings.



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12. Tilt the left hand side of the tank downwards and maneuver it out of the chassis frame. Care should be taken to ensure that the fuel feed pipe to filter is not damaged when lowering the tank.
13. Place the tank in a safe area and ensure that all necessary precautions are undertaken to make all personnel within the vicinity aware that the tank will give off residual fuel fumes.
14. If necessary remove the fuel pump from the tank. (See Fuel Pump remove and refit).

Refitting

15. Refit the fuel tank to the chassis, taking care to relocate the fuel feed pipe grommets between the fuel tank and chassis.
16. Reverse the removal procedure, ensuring that the sealing ring. fuel line and hose connections are secure.
17. Run the engine and re-check all connections to ensure no fuel leaks exist. Reverse the remaining removal procedure. Recode the radio.

FUEL PUMP

Remove and refit

Removing

WARNING: Ensure that the Fuel Handling Precautions given in Section 01 - Introduction regarding fuel handling are strictly adhered to when carrying out the following instructions.

1. Drive the vehicle onto a suitable hoist.
2. Depressurize the fuel pump system. (see depressurizing procedure-page 34)
3. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
4. Remove the fuel tank from the chassis frame. (see fuel tank remove and refit-page 38)
5. Place the tank in a safe area.
6. Disconnect the fuel supply hose from the pump.
7. Remove any previous sealant from the top of the pump flange.
8. Remove the five screws and withdraw the pump from the tank.

Refitting

9. Clean the immediate area around the pump opening in the fuel tank.
10. Fit a NEW pump seal.
11. Secure the pump to the tank and tighten the screws securely.
12. Liberally coat the heads of the screws and flange of the fuel pump with Sikaflex 221 flexible adhesive sealant.
13. Reverse the removal procedure, ensuring that the sealing ring, fuel line and hose connections are secure. Recode the radio.
14. Run the engine and re-check all connections to ensure no fuel leaks exist. Reverse the remaining removal procedure.

Continued

FUEL PIPES

WARNING: Depressurize fuel system before disconnecting any of the fuel pipes and ensure that all necessary precautions are taken against fuel spillage.

KEY

1. Fuel feed hose to fuel rail.
2. Fuel return hose to fuel tank.
3. Rigid fuel feed pipe.
4. Rigid fuel return pipe.
5. Fuel filter.
6. Rigid fuel feed pipe to filter.
7. Breather hose.
8. in-tank fuel pump.
9. Fuel filler neck.
10. Fuel tank.