

## 4.5 Evaporative Emission System Monitoring - 0.020" (0.5mm) Diameter

## 4.5.1 Description

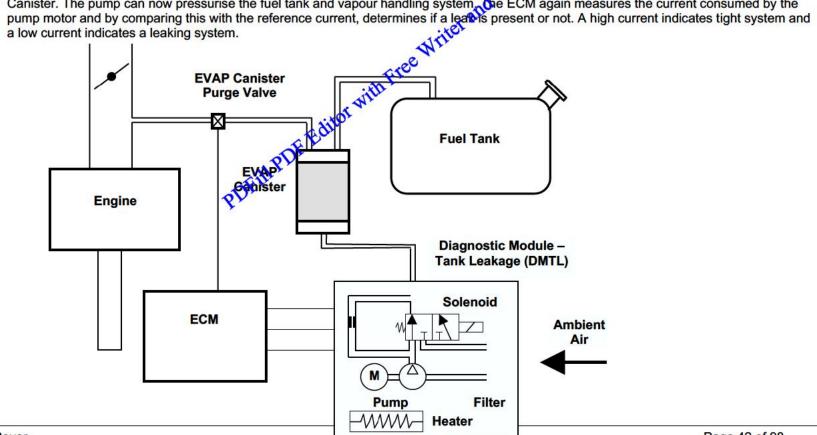
The evaporative emission monitoring system used for the Discovery 2001MY onwards permits the detection of leaks with a diameter of 0.020" or greater. This is achieved by means of a pressure test of the system. This is performed by the DMTL, which is an electrically operated pump fitted to the atmospheric air intake of the EVAP Canister. From the 2002MY this unit contains an electric heater to prevent condensate formation.

The test proceeds in 2 stages:-

• Reference Leak Measurement - The pump operates against the reference restriction within the DMTL. The ECM measures the current consumption of the pump motor during this phase.

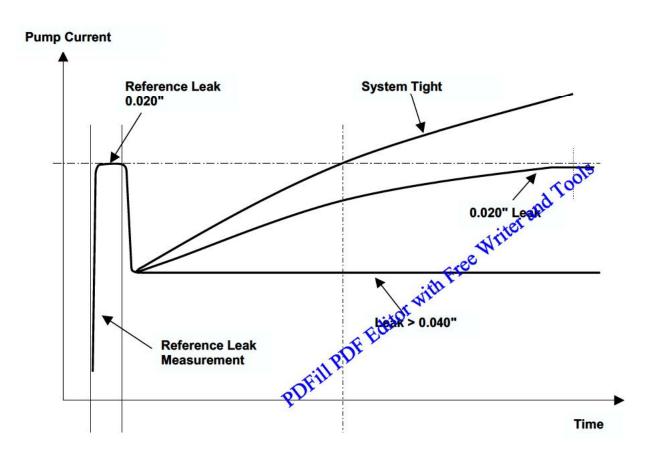
consumption of the pump motor during this phase.

•••• Leak Measurement (see diagram below) - The solenoid in the DMTL is operated in order to shut off normal purge airflow into the EVAP Canister. The pump can now pressurise the fuel tank and vapour handling system, the ECM again measures the current consumed by the pump motor and by comparing this with the reference current, determines if a leaking system.

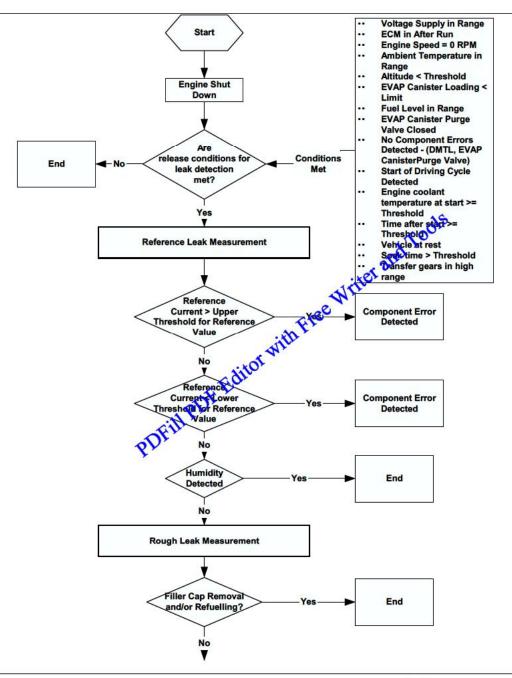




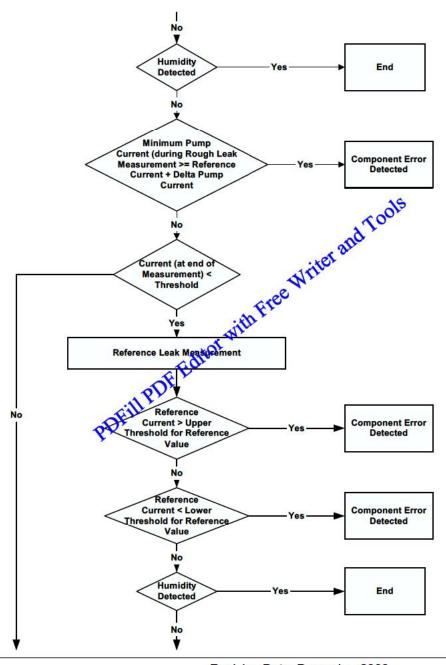
## **Typical Pump Current**



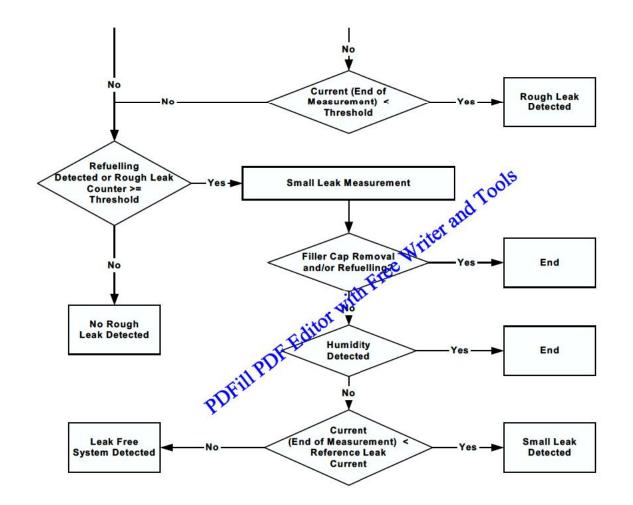














		Evapor	rative Emission	System Monitoring	– 0.020" (0.5mm	) Diameter		
Component/ System	Fault Codes	Monitoring Strategy Description	Malfunction Criteria	Threshold value	Secondary Parameter	Enable Conditions	Time Required	MIL Illuminatio
Evaporative	P0443	circuit continuity	voltage - drive on	voltage > 1/2 * Battery positive	engine speed	> 80 rpm	immediately/	two driving
Emission		<ul> <li>short to battery positive</li> </ul>		•	battery voltage	7.5V < Battery positive < 17V	continuous	cycles
Canister	P0445	circuit continuity	voltage - drive off	voltage < 1/3 * Battery positive	A.C.			
Purge Valve	P0444	<ul> <li>short to ground circuit continuity</li> </ul>	voltage - drive off	1/3 * Battery positive < voltage <	or and Tools			
		- open circuit		2/3 * Battery positive	of at			
Evaporative Emission Canister Purge Valve		- no purge flow detected. Open EVAP canister purge valve and check for feedback shift, if shift is within a window, check for stoichiometric purge by monitoring idle speed control. If air flow has not changed due to the purge flow then a fault		voltage < 2/3 * Battery positive  ••1.125  > 0.875  > 0.875  Editor of 7 g/sec	engine state ECT at start altitude factor engine load engine air flow vehicle speed speed fluctuation (time after start) OR (time after start & mixture adapt. & purge factor & ISC diagnostic)	••12.0 °C •0.7266 •2.80 msec •42.5 g/sec 0 mph •80 rpm > 1000 sec  > 590 sec complete •8.0 complete	once per driving cycle	two drivin cycles
Leak	P1451	exists circuit continuity	voltage - drive off	1/3 * Battery positive <	engine speed	> 80 rpm	0.5 sec/	two drivin
Detection	and the state of	- open circuit	170000000000000000000000000000000000000	voltage < 2/3 * Battery positive	battery voltage	7.5V < Battery	continuous	cycles



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Pump Power		circuit continuity	voltage - drive off	voltage < 1/3 * Battery positive		positive <17V			
		circuit continuity - short to battery positive	voltage - drive on	> 3.998V	battery voltage	• 45.47V (max for pump control)	0.07 sec/ continuous		
Leak Detection	P1483	circuit continuity - short to battery positive	voltage - drive on	voltage > 1/2 * Battery positive	emoine speed battery voltage	> 80 rpm 7.5V < Battery positive< 17V	immediately/ continuous	No MIL illumination	
Pump Heater	P1482	circuit continuity - short to ground	voltage - drive off	voltage < 1/3 * Battery positive		positive v 17 v		(leak detection	
Circuit	P1481	circuit continuity - open circuit	voltage - drive off	1/3 * Battery positive < voltage 2/3 * Battery positive				defaults to enabled)	
EVAP Canister Purge System		over-pressure system using an ECM driven Pump	PDFillPDF		ECM state engine state altitude factor	In After Run for > 3.0 sec At Rest • 0.7266		four driving cycles	
(Discovery only)	P1452	Pump hardware Fault	pump ref. current	< 15.002 mA	ECT at engine start ambient temp.	• 2.25 °C 0.0 °C < Amb			
	P1453	Pump hardware Fault	pump ref. current	> 40.002 mA	(calculated) EVAP canister	Temp < 40.0 °C < 3.0			
	P1450	Pump hardware Fault	pump current (during rough leak)	• •ref current - 2.002 mA	purge vapour factor time after start vehicle speed battery voltage	• 4200 sec 0 mph 10.94V < Battery positive <14.52V (for 3.0 sec)			



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					fuel level in window transfer gears	15 % < fuel level < 85 % high range			
	P0455	rough leak Measurement	pump current at end of test stage 1	< idle current + K1(ref.	soak time no gas cap removal (during test)	• 9000 sec change of pump current< -0.598	160 sec/ once per driving cycle		
			stage 2	current - idle current)	no refuelling (during test)	mA change of pump current > 0.598	diving typic		
				K1 = 0.26 +/- 0.09 K2 = 0.52 +/- 0.131	ter are	mA			
	P0442	small leak Measurement	pump current	• reference Current OR	re-fuelling (prior to test) rough leak counter	detected • 44	rough leak + 375 sec/ once per driving cycle		
			PDFillPDF	K1 = 0.26 +/- 0.09 K2 = 0.52 +/- 0.1315 • reference Current  OR	no gas cap removal (during test) no re-fuelling (during test)	change of pump current < -0.598 mA change of pump current > 0.598 mA			

If the above table does not include details of the following enabling conditions: - IAT, ECT, vehicle speed range, and time after engine start-up then the state of these parameters has no influence upon the execution of the monitor.