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The 1999-2004 Land Rover Discovery II: a look back at these modern classic SUVs

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The second generation Land Rover Discovery, introduced partially through the 1999 model year, was badged as the “Discovery II”. Until production lines were fully changed over from building the original Discovery I model, both generations were sold alongside each other in showrooms as '99 models.

(A slide show with pictures of all 1999 – 2004 Discovery variations is at the end of this article)

Discovery II styling was evolutionary and although the company claimed 85% of all parts were new, it retained the squared-off profile, tall height, sunroofs, bumped up roofline, and overall feel that customers liked about the Discovery I. Body panels were stamped out of rust-free aluminum for long life in salt- or humidity-filled environments.

Even though Land Rover had been purchased by BMW in 1994 and subsequently owned sold to Ford in 2000, development of the Discovery II was left mostly to British hands. Pricing of base model Discoverys was kept competitive with fully-loaded Ford Explorers.

According to the 1999 Land Rover Discovery II brochure, “Since 1948, Land Rover has produced purpose-built vehicles that thrive in the most difficult conditions imaginable. This is not an idle boast. Land Rover Lease vehicles have been the backbone of major expeditions to the most remote corners of the globe. Equally important, each day they provide their owners with loyal and faithful service in conditions as trying as a muddy field or a crowded city street. This year’s introduction of the new Discovery Series II...reflects the experience, care, and integrity that are a part of every Land Rover”.

Perfect prose to match the British marque’s mid-range Discovery model, created to serve as a bridge between the manufacturer’s utilitarian Defender and prestigious Range Rover models. Looking to build on the cult following of the first-generation Discovery (1990-99 model years) and increase its sales appeal, Land Rover widened the

What's the
Royal Welcome Lease?
For starters, the
first month is free.



1999 DISCOVERY SERIES II
\$495 a month lease/36 months
 \$ 0 first month payment
 \$1695 down payment
 \$ 0 security deposit
 \$1695 due at signing
EXCLUDES TAXES, TITLE AND LICENSE FEES

Short of rolling out a red carpet, we have no doubt you'll find our Royal Welcome Lease very accommodating. Not only is the first month free, but there's no security deposit. And following that first free month, the most technologically advanced Land Rover ever is just \$495* a month. So stop by and inquire about our Royal Welcome. And drive away in a Discovery Series II. The vehicle fit for a king, queen, and their children.



An advertisement introducing lease deals of the day for the new 1999 Discovery II. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

new Discovery's track (using wider axles from the 1996 Range Rover) and increased its overall length by six inches to allow for optional forward-facing third row seats.

Standard features on all U.S. models 1999-2004 included standard full time 4-wheel-drive system with high- and low-range gear selector, electronic traction control that braked individual wheels to avoid spin and restore lost grip, a Hill Descent Control button that used the automatic braking when descending steep hills in Low Range mode, 4-wheel antilock disc brakes, dual front airbags, 4-speed automatic transmission, and V8 engine.

"Modern classic" applies to the Discovery. While sophisticated, engineering is decidedly old school. Solid front and rear axles (rigid beam) are used instead of more modern independent suspensions with multiple links and control arms. While the engine block is aluminum, it's basic design is not modern overhead camshaft design. Body panels are made of rust-free aluminum, but attached to a steel body underneath mounted to a separate ladder-frame chassis. While these few examples may seem like drawbacks, on the Discovery they work. Classic truck suspensions, body-on-frame design, worm-and-roller steering, pushrod V8 engines all serve to add simplicity and durability.

NOTABLE OPTIONS ON ALL 1999-2004 DISCOVERYS:

- Forward facing third row seats with integrated seat belts were optional on all trim levels. From model year 2001-on when Discoverys were broken up into three trim levels (SD, SE, HSE, etc), a "7" in the model designation indicated a vehicle was built with the extra seats. For example, an "SE7" would feature seating for seven, an "SE" would not. 7-passenger models all feature a rear step below the rear bumper on the driver's side (see slide show for picture).
- Rear Self Leveling Suspension ("SLS") replaced standard coil springs in the rear for air bellow bags on each side. While these smooth out ride quality and allow the driver to adjust the ride height manually, air suspension systems are complex, failure prone and costly to repair. To remove air-ride shocks and swap in metal coil springs is not overly labor intensive, and many owners have done so. You can tell if a Discovery is so equipped by the presence or absence of a button with a drawing of an up arrow by the rear wheels (see slide show for picture). SLS was standard on all 2003-04 HSE models, and was equipped on most 7-passenger Discoverys from 1999-02.
- Active Cornering Enhancement ("ACE") used a separate hydraulic pump in place of standard metal anti-roll bars to reduce body lean around corners. This option is best avoided for the same reason as self-leveling suspension above. The system is quite complex, adding a tank, multiple lines, a pump, control block and 2 acceleration sensors (one over the front interior light, the other under the body to the right near of the A-pillar). ACE was standard on 2003-04 HSE models, optional on all else.
- Winter Package. This includes a heated front windshield, heated front seats, and a heated washer spray system. The heated front windshield works incredibly well and is worth its weight in gold if you live in a cold climate.

CHANGES DURING EACH MODEL YEAR AFTER 1999

2000:(Ford buys Land Rover from BMW this year)

- An integrated digital compass is added to the rearview mirror this year.
- A new fuel filler door indicator was added to the instrument panel.

2001:

- While 1999-00 Discovery IIs had no trim level designations, the three trim levels that had existed on the previous Discovery I returned for '01...base level SD, LE and top-line SE. Adding the optional 3rd-row seating changed badging to SD7, LE7, or SE7.
- Vinyl seating was standard on SDs, cloth and brown leather on LEs, and full leather interior trim was standard for the SE.
- A new 10-speaker, 220-watt premium audio system became available this year.

2002:

- The '01 "LE" model was gone, leaving just the base SD and midline SE editions which were basically unchanged from '01.
- A limited-production Kalahari off-road edition went on sale later in the year.

2003: Model year of most notable changes.

- The 4.0-liter V8 engine was given a longer piston stroke, increasing measured displacement to 4.6 liters and horsepower from 188 to 217. Torque also increased from 250 to 300 foot-pounds.
- Headlights were restyled to match the look of the new-for-'03 Range Rover, featuring two round "projector beam" lights. Since the headlight assemblies themselves did not change size and shape, it's relatively easy to retrofit '03-'04 into a 1999-'02 model.
- Grilles and front bumpers were restyled, and rear turn signal lights were relocated from the bumper to the high-mounted taillight assemblies, displacing the reverse lights down to the bumper location (see pictures in slide show).
- Model designations changed as well. The base model "SD" became the "S", and "SE" models remained unchanged. Due to increasing popularity among wealthy buyers, a new "HSE" model was introduced with more features standard (DVD, navigation) and a higher price than any Discovery previously. As before, a "7" after all any model designation indicated the vehicle was equipped with the third-row seat option. A rear-obstacle-detection system was new and exclusive to the HSE.

- Base models (now known as “S” instead of “SD”) no longer received any badging on front fenders the way “SD”s previously did. As in previous years, front bumpers were completely unpainted on base models.

2004:

- Roof rack rails located above the two front doors were beefed up from thin strips to thick round metal tubes (see slide show for contrasting pictures) – visibly the easiest way to tell an '04 from an '03.
- 200 limited-edition G4 Edition models were produced, named after the Land Rover sponsored off-road challenge. G4s are painted orange with blue stripes along the side, and feature self-leveling air suspension, a front bumper protector bar, a rear access ladder, and taillight brush guards.
- The “V8” logo previously located on the passenger side of the tailgate since 1999 disappeared. All other nomenclature letters went from being flat two-dimensional to 3-D bas relief.
- '04s were the only model year of Series IIs equipped with a Central Differential Lock activation lever (see above section on differential locks).

OF NOTE:

- Oil pump failures on 2003 Discovery Series II 4.6-liter V8 engines.

According to a factory bulletin, “vehicles with VIN numbers between 3A771801 to 3A808362 (last 8 digits) may have oil pumps that fail due to a manufacturing error. Locating dowel pins may be slightly misaligned permitting assembly of the oil pump to the engine block, but placing stress on the pump housing which can ultimately lead to leakage or failure. Whenever an oil pump failure is encountered on vehicles within the above VIN range the only effective repair currently available is replacement of the complete engine assembly including the front cover/oil pump manufactured to the latest tolerances.”

The upside is every '03 motor affected by this flaw suffered the oil pump problem within the first 10,000 miles. So every engine was replaced already. According to one Land Rover service manager, “There was nothing wrong with the motors at all, it was only the timing cover. When Rover ran out of motors, they told us to just put timing covers on the motors if the motor was turned off as soon as the pump failed. Land Rover never called for the old motors back, so alot of the motors that we removed were repaired with a new timing cover and directly put into technicians' own cars. So if you find a 1999-02 Discovery with a 4.6 in it, chances are it's an '03 motor that blew up with a new timing cover installed.”

■ **Front Driveshaft Failure:**

The driveshaft running from the center all-wheel-drive transfer case to the front axle is prone to failure, and flying apart at high rpms. Because of their original design, the u-joints (they allow the shaft to flex in a different direction while rotating) have no provision for adding lubrication. Eventually the joints wear from lack of

lubrication, and break apart at speed. When this happens, the still-spinning shaft which is no longer secured flays around loose and usually drills a hole in the side of the automatic transmission housing. If lift kits are installed, driveshafts and axles are operating at more extreme angles – something that puts a larger amount of stress on U-joints and related components.

The preventative fix for this is to purchase a rebuilt or aftermarket shaft with better designed u-joints with nipples designed to accept periodic lubrication from a grease gun. A front axle shaft that's getting ready to break will exhibit a chirping sound while rotating, akin to "angry sparrows". Owners hearing this might be wise to pull over immediately and tow the vehicle to a repair shop as soon as possible.

▪ **Locking Center Differential:**

A center all-wheel-drive differential always allows some slippage so front and rear driveshafts can turn at different speeds when needed during normal driving. To "lock" a center differential means to literally lock the front and rear driveshafts together, forcing them to rotate at the same speed sending equal power to the front and rear axles. This feature is invaluable for getting out of deep mud or snow where a non-locking center diff would allow wheelspin infinitum.

To save production costs, BMW bosses took some shortcuts on this item. While locking center diffs were still fitted to 1999 to early '01 Discoverys, the in-cabin lever to operate it was left off the vehicle. BMW studies showed Land Rover was losing money when they bought the brand in the mid-1990s, and that drivers in their target expansion market (United States) never took their SUVs off road. So to save production cost on each vehicle, the shift lever assembly was removed. However, even though the lever to activate the locking diff was gone, it can still be switched on by climbing underneath the vehicle and using a wrench to turn a nut on top of the transfer case 90 degrees

In the middle of model-year '01 through 2003, they went a step further and removed the locking differential altogether since the shift lever was missing anyway.

While the electronic braking systems worked very effectively, they did not offer the same level of control and smooth operation as vehicles fitted with the diff lock. Customer demand finally led Land Rover management to reinstate the locking differential on 2004 models and for the first time on a Discovery II, install an actual lever to operate it. So '04s were the only model year with this feature in full equipped standard on every vehicle, increasing their value to off-roaders and hard core fanatics alike.

▪ **"What do you call a Land Rover that doesn't leak?"**

This joke told among Discovery owners and mechanics would be answered with the word "Empty." While Discovery strengths are being well-built and retaining solid body integrity for many miles and years, its Achilles heel is the above-average tendency for fluids to leak. Oil leaks are common from valve cover gaskets, rear main seal between engine and transmission, and from the oil pan seal itself. Radiators and cylinder head gaskets are common sources of coolant leaks. And yes the center differential case, axle differential housings front & rear, power steering lines & pump will eventually all leak too. Most mechanical problems on Discoverys arise from not catching leaks in time.

At this point, even the newest Discoverys are well out of warranty. Three-year leases to soccer moms have long since expired, and fewer and fewer people own them by accident anymore. Most 1999-04s have worked their way into the hands of those who want them and appreciate them for their fun-to-drive truckish demeanor, old-school mechanical layout, styling, and/or off-road usefulness. After purchasing a three-year-old '04 SE7, I have found it one of the most rewarding cars I've ever owned. But they're not for everybody. If you're looking to buy one, Discoverys are like Ferraris – maintenance records count for everything! Don't buy one if you're not mechanically inclined...or prepared to make the financial commitment of properly maintaining the vehicle. Buy one without documentation at your own risk. Find a good one with records and treat it right, you'll be able to sell it for much of what you paid for it.

SLIDE SHOW. CLICK ON ANY OF THE PICTURES IN THE SLIDE SHOW BELOW TO EXPAND TO FULL SIZE. USE ARROWS UNDERNEATH PICTURES TO SCROLL BACKWARD OR FORWARD.



The second generation Land Rover Discovery was produced during the 1999 – 2004 model years. Shown, a 2004 Discovery SE7.

A Discovery II test mule on Rover's Gaydon track in late 1997. This U.K. magazine points out development problems being faced at this point: engines catching fire. Fixing these issues delayed introduction until the middle of the 1999 model year. (Photo credit: CAR Magazine, February 1998)



One of the first magazine advertisements run when the Discovery II replaced the Discovery I during the 1999 model year. Both were produced as 1999 models. More advertisements are at the end of this slideshow. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

An advertisement showing typical lease deals of the day on the 1999 Discovery II.

This Land Rover promotional picture shows a detailed mechanical drawing of the 1999 Land Rover Discovery. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA) A promotional mechanical dra



Discovery I. (Photo credit: O. Green)



II shown. (Photo credit: Road & Track)



2003 SE model. (Photo credit: E. Bolian)

Base Discovery models featured unpainted black plastic. Higher trim level Discoverys added body color paint on left and right sides of the front bumper cover. 1999 Discovery bumper covers and headlight assemblies, as seen on this 2003 and 2004 Discoverys featured redesigned front bumper covers, as shown on this '99 model. Wheels fitted to this particular car are from a prior generation.



A close look at a 1999 – 2002 Discovery headlight assembly. '99 model shown. (Photo credit: O. Green)



The revised 2003 – 2004 Discovery headlamp assembly was styled after the new-for-2003 Range Rover's. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



Front end on 1999 – 2002 Discoverys. Notice edges around the front grille between and below the headlights are painted body color. 2001 model shown. (Photo credit: L. Sampson)



For comparison, the front end view of 2003 – 2004 Discoverys. Grilles, front bumper covers, foglights, and headlight assemblies were restyled. Edges of the grille were no longer painted. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



Dashboard view of a 1999 Discovery. (Photo credit: P. Klein)



Dashboard view of a 2004 Discovery. As you can see, little changed over the course of six years. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



1999 – 2002 Discovery left front view. White-letter tires on this '99 model were not offered from the factory during any year. (Photo credit: B. Myers)



2003 – 2004 Discovery "S" left front view. Base models were now designated as "S". As in prior years, front bumper covers were unpainted. 2004 model shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



2003 – 2004 Discovery "HSE" left front view. The HSE was a higher luxury model introduced for 2003, and featured every available feature standard. 18-inch wheels are unique to HSE editions. 2003 model shown. (Photo credit: W. Wolman)



Instrument clusters on 1999 – 2002 Discoverys looked like this. (Photo credit: D. Anderson)



Instrument clusters on 2003 – 2004 Discoverys were slightly revised, as seen on this '04 model. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



1999 – 2002 Discovery left side view. 1999 model shown. (Photo credit: B. Myers)



2003 – 2004 Discovery left side view. 2004 model shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



1999 – 2002 Discoverys featured this tail lamp design with reverse lights up high. Turn signal lights were in the rear bumper. 1999 model shown. (Photo credit: B. Myers)



While the overall shape was the same, tail lamps on 2003 – 2004 Discoverys featured this design. Turn signals were now up high, and reverse lights were moved to the bumper. 2004 SE7 shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



1999 – 2002 Discovery left rear view. 1999 model shown. (Photo credit: B. Myers)



2003 – 2004 Discovery left rear view. 2003 model shown. (Photo credit: J. Nielsen)



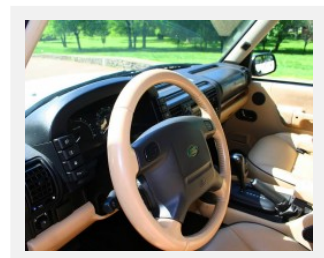
1999 – 2002 Discovery rear view. 1999 model shown. (Photo credit: B. Myers)



2003 – 2004 Discovery rear view. 2004 model shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



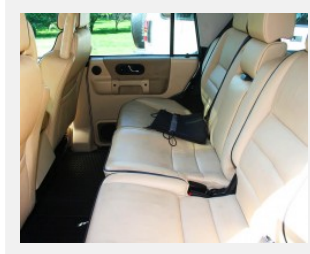
Reverse lights on 2003 – 2004 Discoverys were located in the bumper. 2004 models no longer featured the "V8" logo on the right side of the tailgate. 2004 SE7 shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



During all years, Discovery II buyers had a choice of tan or dark gray interiors. Driver side airbag assemblies, dashboards and center consoles were black regardless. 2004 Discovery SE shown. (Photo credit: H. Norris)



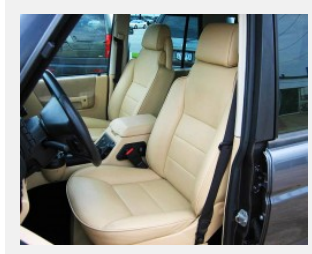
For comparison, a dark gray front seat interior view. 2004 Discovery SE7 shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



Higher level Discoverys equipped with tan interiors featured contrasting dark gray piping around seat edges. Models with dark gray interiors did not. 2004 Discovery SE shown. (Photo credit: H. Norris)



Second row seat view of a Discovery equipped with dark gray interior. Unlike tan interior models, seat edging was not highlighted. 2004 SE7 shown. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



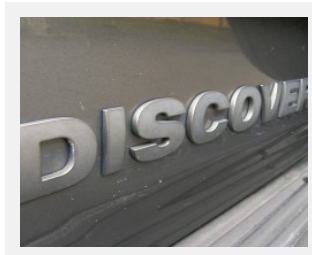
Base models with tan interiors did not feature contrasting color seat and trim edging as higher models did. 2003 Discovery S shown. (Photo credit: J. Harris)



2004 luggage rack bars differ from all prior years – round steel tubes (seen here) replaced thin rails of lower strength. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



Badges on sides and rear of all 1999 – 2003 Discoverys were flat decals, such as this "V8" tailgate badge. (Photo credit: C. Parsons)



For 2004, all badge letters were raised, 3-dimensional ones instead of flat decals. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



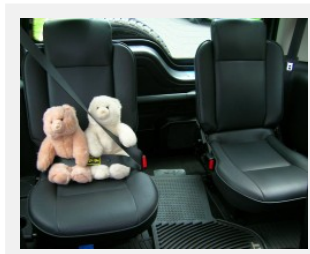
A 2004 SE7 front fender badge. Note: 2003 – 2004 base "S" and "S7" models did not feature any model badging. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



A quick way to tell if any Discovery has the third row seat option is the step pedal located below the rear bumper for easier entrance. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



Access to third row seats on models so equipped is not like most SUVs – you enter by opening the rear tailgate and walking between the two seats. 2003 Discovery HSE7 shown.



A better view of the two third-row seats, which stow up and to the side.

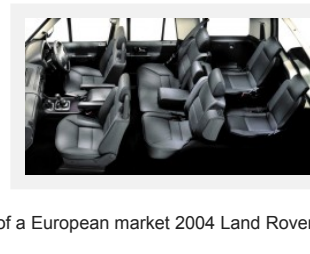
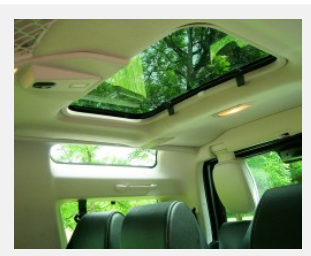


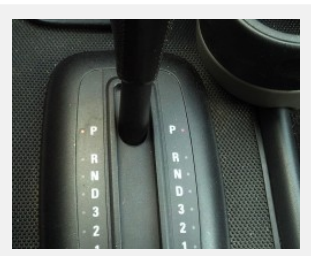
Image of a European market 2004 Land Rover Discovery equipped with a 5-speed manual transmission.



Sunroofs were not standard equipment on base model Discoverys. Higher trim models featured dual power ones, as seen on this 2004 SE. (Photo credit: H. Norris)



Rear "safari" side windows were standard on all Discoverys. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



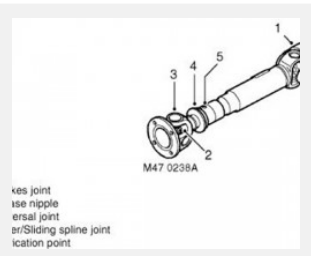
U.S. 1999 – 2004 Discovery models all featured a 4-speed electronically controlled automatic transmission with selectable "Sport" mode designed to hold a specific gear the lever was moved to. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



A lever to manually engage the locking center differential was equipped on 1999, 2000, some 2001, and 2004 models. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



A photograph taken from underneath a Discovery. On models not equipped with a lever to manually lock the center 4wd differential, a bolt can be turned underneath on the diff unit to engage it. (Photo credit: Land Rover Forums)



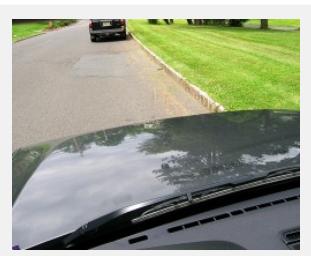
The driveshaft from the center 4wd differential to the front axle is prone to failure on all Discoverys. In this drawing, the driveshaft u-joints have been modified to accept lubrication to the U-joints, something factory units do not provide. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



This button panel on the left side of the instrument cluster shows a button for front fog lights (top), rear fog lights (second down), fuel door release (third down), and park distance sensor system (bottom). This '04 HSE model was built with all of them standard. (Photo credit: W. Seward)



A quick way to tell if a 1999-2004 Discovery is equipped with self-leveling air suspension is the presence of the left bottom button shown here to adjust rear ride height. If not equipped, a plain black solid plastic piece replaces the button. (Photo credit: E. Sanchez)



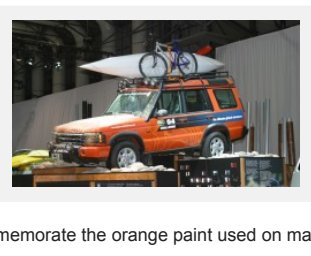
The driver's seat view behind the wheel of all 1999 – 2004 Discoverys. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)



A 1999 Land Rover Discovery TReK Edition at that year's Chicago Auto Show. These vehicles were not originally



A 2000 Land Rover Discovery TReK Edition. Both TReK and G4 offroad events were canceled indefinitely after the 2008 market downturn.



To commemorate the orange paint used on many Land Rover models in factory sponsored off-road challenges,

sold to the public, but created during various years for use in "TRek" offroad challenges designed for dealership personnel training across the United States. (Photo credit: Chicago Auto Show)

this "G4" production prototype was created for display on the 2004 auto show circuit.



A look at one of the 2004 Discoverys actually used in company-sponsored G4 global off-roading events.



What the actual production 2004 Discovery G4 looked like. 200 G4 editions were made – third row seats were not available.



A dealer-installed option on all year Discoverys was the safari luggage rack used on company-sponsored offroad challenges. (Photo credit: R. Geiger)



Front view of a 2004 Discovery fitted with the Land Rover safari roof rack. (Photo credit: F. Delaney)



A 2004 Discovery HSE fitted with 16-inch aluminum wheels from a 1996-2002 style Range Rover. (Photo credit: B. Patterson)



Monster Tuning of Bridgenorth, United Kingdom created a monster truck out of this 2003 Discovery.



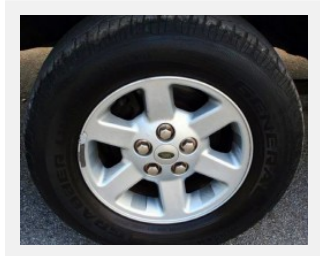
These 16-inch black steel wheels were often used by Land Rover on manufacturer sponsored off-road safari challenges. While they were never on the factory order sheet, many owners fit their Discoverys with them. Several wheel manufacturers produce versions of these, some with more backsacing than others. (Wheels with a lower amount of backsacing will stick out wider than stock from wheel wells).



An example of a Discovery equipped with black 16-inch Land Rover steel wheels. Many owners modify their cars with two- or three-inch suspension lift kits. With a stock unlifted suspension, the highest profile tires that would fit within the wheel wells without rubbing are 255/75-16s. Raising vehicle suspensions can put greater strain on driveshafts and axles since they must operate at more extreme angles.



Stock 16-inch aluminum wheels of this design were standard on base models through 2002. (Photo credit: N. Rennoc)



For 2003-04, base 16-inch aluminum wheels were redesigned to look like this (equipped on S models only).

Photo credit: F. Parker



These 18-inch aluminum wheels were optional on 1999-2000 Discoverys and standard on 2001 SE models. This design is known as the "Proline" wheel. (Photo credit: B. Sewell)

Sewell)



From 2002 – 2004, the 18-inch wheels were revised slightly to feature air holes in the center of each spoke. This design is known as the "Hurricane" wheel. (Photo credit: Sean Connor)

credit: Sean Connor)



These 18-inch aluminum wheels were unique to 2003 – 2004 Discovery HSE models. (Photo credit: I. Cheng)

Photo credit: I. Cheng)



An advertisement highlighting the 1999 Discovery II's advanced electronic stability control system. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

Land Rover USA)



(Page 1 of 2) A two-page ad highlighting the more roomy third-row seating capacity of the new 1999 Discovery II. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

(Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



(Page 2 of 2). Third row seats now were forward-facing on the Discovery II, instead of sideways in the Discovery I. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

(Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



A 1999 Discovery ad highlighting how its full time 4-wheel drive system and Electronic Stability Control work together to fill any gaps in traction. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

(Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



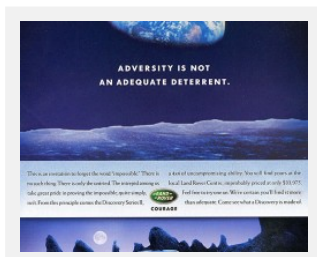
A 2000 Discovery U.S. market advertisement. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

credit: Land Rover USA)



2000 Discovery advertisement, U.S. market. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

Land Rover USA)



A 2000 Discovery ad, U.S. market. Optional 18-inch wheels are shown on this model. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

Rover USA)



This 2000 advertisement highlights the Discovery's rear foglights. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

(Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



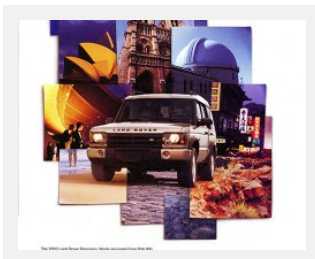
A 2001 Discovery ad, U.S. market. For 2001, Discoverys were broken into three trim levels: SD (base with 16-inch wheels, unpainted front bumpers, no sunroofs, vinyl seats, and black plastic instead of wood), LE (higher level with specialty interior trim that was offered for 2001 only), and SE (bumper edges painted and 18-inch wheels, leather, and wood standard). Photo credit: Land Rover USA



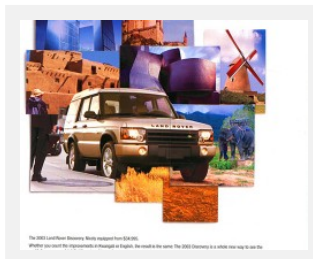
A 2002 Discovery U.S. market advertisement. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



A Discovery advertisement introducing the revised 2003 model. Shown here is a newly created HSE high-luxury model. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



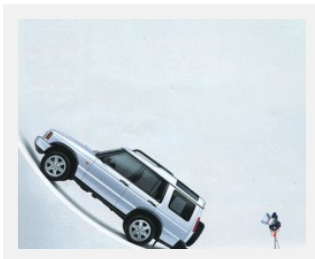
This 2003 Discovery ad displays all the locations in the world where Land Rovers are popular. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



A 2003 U.S. market advertisement. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



A 2004 Discovery HSE ad shows a variety of tusks and horns to illustrate the value of the optional brush guard mounted on the front grille. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



A United Kingdom home market advertisement for the 2004 Discovery, featuring a money shot modeling pose. (Photo credit: Land Rover U.K.)



Another U.K. market advertisement for the 2004 Discovery. All eyes are on it... (Photo credit: Land Rover U.K.)



A 2005 advertisement focusing on Certified Pre-Owned Discoverys – a 2001 model in this case. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



A final 2005 advertisement for the Discovery II series discusses certified-pre-owned models. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)



An advertisement introducing lease deals of the day for the new 1999 Discovery II. (Photo credit: Land Rover USA)

**About Sean**

Welcome to Classic Cars Today Online! We seek to explore the subject of classic vehicles from the 1950s through today. It is our belief that a car needn't be old to be respected and admired for graceful design, historical significance, and future value. As founder and Editor-In-Chief, I welcome contributions from you about your own car-related interests and ownership experiences. As far as myself, I've worked in the automotive service field and have been a contributor to Autoweek Magazine, The Star, Mercedes Enthusiast Magazine, Examiner.com and more. Currently, I'm a copywriter and own several foreign and domestic classic cars. In my spare time, you'll find me serving as Technical Editor and officer of several car clubs, being a concours car show judge, and meeting some great folks around the tri-state NY / NJ / Pennsylvania area at car shows. - Sean Connor

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tracey • a year ago

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jenellage → tracey • a year ago

Hi Tracey, my assistant obtained a fillable Temporary Custody Agreement version using this https://goo.gl/DSao5L.

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mike graham • 2 years ago

I bought a 2003 Discovery HSE7 a week ago, I have a lot of work to restore it, but one thing I did. While at the gas station when I was buying it it pushed the off road raising botton wondering what it was for. Well, the rear end lifted up and I thought it was cool, before reading the owners manual. Now it is stuck up and rides like hell and can't get it down even after reading the manual saying to just push the botton again and it will return to the right level for self leveling. Well, it didn't work and is still up in the back end. Now I can't drive it till I get it figured out. HELP

Call 810-293-3805

If you have any suggestions please contact me.

mikeg308@gmail.com

Michael C. Graham, Sr.

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